4.-Statistics of the Leading Industries of the Province of Ontario, 1938-concluded

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	Industry	Estab- lish- ments	Capital	Em- ploy- ees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Materials	Gross Value of Products ¹
		No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$
10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 12 22 22 22	Primary iron and steel. Bread and other bakery products. Automobile supplies. Fruit and vegetable preparations. Machinery. Hosiery and knitted goods. Petroleum products. Printing and publishing. Biscuits, confectionery, cocoa, etc. Sheet-metal products. Castings and forgings. Coke and gas products. Tobacco processing and packing. Clothing, men's factory (including furnishings). Railway rolling-stock. Printing and bookbinding. Agricultural implements. Brass and copper products. Boxes and bags, paper. Leather tanneries. Breweries. Medicinal and pharmaceutical pre- parations. Clothing, women's factory. Soaps and washing compounds. Acids, alkalies and salts. Sawmills.	25 1,317 64 170 146 102 13 294 57 84 109 19 10 120 15 568 27 81 88 33 26 91 220 48 81 4 670 17 8	66, 698, 135 22, 785, 257 26, 775, 145 35, 208, 434 41, 202, 618 31, 453, 278 19, 424, 451 23, 271, 712 22, 052, 598 28, 433, 949 29, 753, 969 53, 075, 006 7, 136, 704 13, 408, 519 20, 680, 610 22, 166, 406 62, 727, 807 14, 141, 438 14, 093, 323 20, 824, 037 18, 321, 437 13, 193, 756 8, 003, 059 9, 905, 5/2 22, 708, 825 19, 940, 747 14, 722, 258 20, 056, 991	7,960 10,886 7,602 5,751 7,197 11,709 2,019 7,767 6,161 4,858 6,890 2,375 2,150 7,650 3,807 7,030 6,151 3,165 3,895 3,235 2,016 2,578 5,410 1,656 1,718 4,915 5,094 937	$\begin{array}{c} 11,756,505\\ 10,903,709\\ 9,009,152\\ 4,390,343\\ 9,055,808\\ 9,615,407\\ 3,362,982\\ 11,919,191\\ 6,399,006\\ 5,698,641\\ 8,282,211\\ 3,525,221\\ 1,746,381\\ 7,540,555\\ 5,243,074\\ 8,508,166\\ 7,260,024\\ 3,890,160\\ 4,345,926\\ 3,557,934\\ 3,119,530\\ 3,461,185\\ 4,929,256\\ 2,203,775\\ 2,864,002\\ 3,618,250\\ 4,277,221\\ 1,406,385\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,380,617\\ 17,796,766\\ 18,898,660\\ 19,840,134\\ 12,573,430\\ 13,963,928\\ 24,136,319\\ 6,567,729\\ 12,411,784\\ 14,940,889\\ 8,975,465\\ 9,786,594\\ 18,142,475\\ 10,957,433\\ 12,147,845\\ 7,980,408\\ 9,284,995\\ 10,374,685\\ 10,260,261\\ 10,882,289\\ 6,384,664\\ 5,512,743\\ 7,914,663\\ 7,818,499\\ 3,528,796\\ 8,306,525\\ 6,607,439\\ 3,476,101\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 38,116,667\\ 37,390,971\\ 36,180,099\\ 33,419,017\\ 32,710,450\\ 29,501,278\\ 29,442,712\\ 29,326,857\\ 25,869,732\\ 27,510,158\\ 23,260,519\\ 22,241,322\\ 21,339,920\\ 21,281,307\\ 21,115,612\\ 21,102,890\\ 20,517,081\\ 17,885,982\\ 17,455,211\\ 17,061,438\\ 15,880,839\\ 15,093,340\\ 14,928,282\\ 14,872,553\\ 14,012,460\\ 14,012,460\\ 14,012,460\\ \end{array}$
37 38 39	Furniture Boots and shoes, leather Hardware and tools	198 64 107	16,439,697 10,079,069 20,283,748	6,230 5,101 4,388	5,722,145 4,589,048 4,794,341	5,848,379 6,885,154 4,055,947	13,989,509 13,640,204 13,019,835
49	Miscellaneous paper products Totals,Forty Leading Industries	76 6,799	12,614,462 1,287,809,973	2.280 230,468	2,821,723 271,140,477	7.002,756	12.868.675 1,352,859,421
	Totals, All Industries		1,676,896,175	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		1,712,496,421
	Percentages of forty leading indus- tries to totals of all industries in the Province	68.7	76.8	74.4	74.8	81.8	79.0

¹ See footnote 1, Table 2, p. 354.

Section 4.—The Manufactures of the Prairie Provinces, 1938

The leading industries of these Provinces are those based on their agricultural resources—their grain-growing, cattle-raising, and dairying areas. Next in importance, generally, are industries serving the resident population, such as bread and baking, printing and publishing, etc. The extensive railway services require large shops for the maintenance of rolling-stock. The widespread use of motor vehicles and power machinery on farms has given rise to petroleum refineries in each province. The greatly increased production of crude petroleum in Alberta seems likely to lead to further development of the refining industry. Manitoba, as the early commercial centre of the prairies, has had a greater industrial development than either of the other provinces. Its natural resources of accessible water powers, forests, and, more recently, minerals, have given rise to quite a diversification of industrial production.

Considering the three Provinces as an economic group, slaughtering and meat packing had the largest gross production in 1938, amounting to \$52,419,000, followed by flour milling with \$38,181,000, and butter and cheese with \$27,504,000. These three industries for the processing of the agricultural products of the Provinces accounted for 42 p.c. of their total manufacturing production.